

0 1 - F S B

BERTON

Introduction

In the building instructions the required fasteners are defined with a number placed in a circle. Use the FASTENERS REFERENCE LIST to select the right fastener.

FASTENERS REFERENCE LIST:

Faste-			head	quan-
ner nbr.	type		style	tity
Α	metric screw	M2x6	r.h.	2
В	metric screw	M2x8	r.h.	6
C	metric screw	M3x8	c.s.h.	10
D	metric screw	M3x10	s.h.	2
E	metric screw	M3x25	s.h.	1
F	grub screw	M3x4	sl.h.	2
G	grub screw	M3x4	s.h.	1
Н	grub screw	M4x4	s.h.	2
1	parker screw	2.9x6.4	r.h.	8
J	parker screw	2.9x9.5	r.h.	8
K	parker screw	2.9x9.5	c.s.h.	17
L	parker screw	2.9x13	r.h.	4
M	parker screw	2.9x13	c.s.h.	.4
N	washer	3.2x7		4
O	washer	4.2x12		2
Р	lock-nut	МЗ	4 1 0	2
Q	lock-nut	M4		2
R	cir-clips	4mm		4
S	hardened pin	2x12		4
T	hardened pin	3x24		2
U	hardened pin	3x28		2

Head styles

round head	
counter sunk head	
slotted head	
socket head	

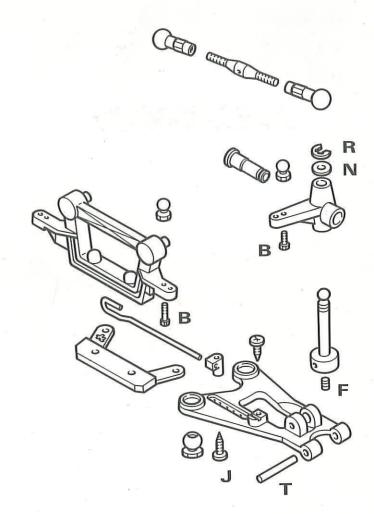
Assembling the front suspension

- Fit the brass balls to the steering blocks using screw (B) and push the front wheel axles in the steering blocks.
- Mount the king-pin to the lower suspension arms by inserting the hardened pivot pins (T). Lock them with grub screws (F).
- Put the steering blocks over the king-pins, and lock them with circlips (R).
- Mount the 5mm pivot balls on the inner holes of the front bracket, with screw (B).
- Apply caster spacer #3 to the chassis and mount the front bracket to the chassis with the parker screws (L).

 Next the 4 pivot balls are mounted to the chassis with screws (C).
- Push the lower suspension arms over the pivot balls and check that they are free.
- Insert the anti-rollbar rods through the nylon anti-rollbar mounts and fix them to the lower suspension arms using parker screw (J) in the mounts and (I) in the 2 slots. The 2 anti-roll bars should hook-in.

Note: moving the nylon mount to the inside of the car will stiffen up the anti-roll bar and will cause less roll. This will normaly decrease the steering.

Prepair the upper front suspension rods (total length 59.5mm) and apply them to connect the steering block with the front bracket. By shortening the upper rods the camber angle will become more negative.

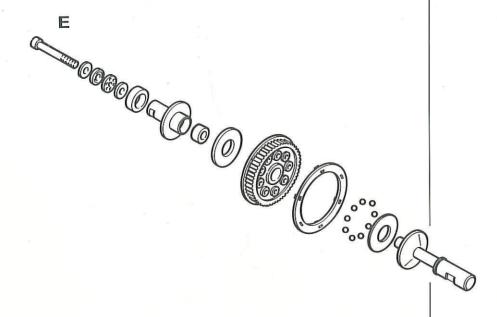


Assembling the ball differential

- Push the pully flange into the differential pully and insert the steel diff. balls in the holes of the differential pully. Apply some grease to the balls and the centre hole of the pully.
- Place the hardened steel washer on the long axle, next the diff. pully, the second hardened steel washer, the nylon 5mm bearings and last the short diff. axle.
- The small thrust bearing is inserted, and together with the spring washers the diff. tension adjustment screw (E) is screwed in to apply the necessary load to the differential.

Note:

Check the smooth running of the differential. Under full load the differential should not slip. This should be checked before running the car. Hold the 2 rear wheels and apply full throttle for just 1 second. The diff. pulley shold not slip. If it does, apply a little more load to the diff. by turning in the adjustment screw a little bit.



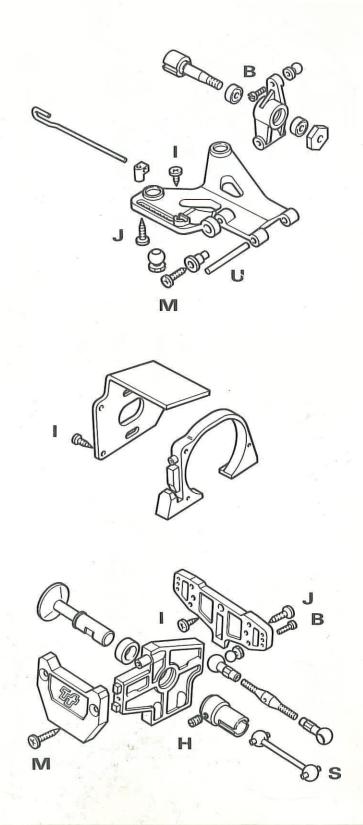
Assembling the rear suspension

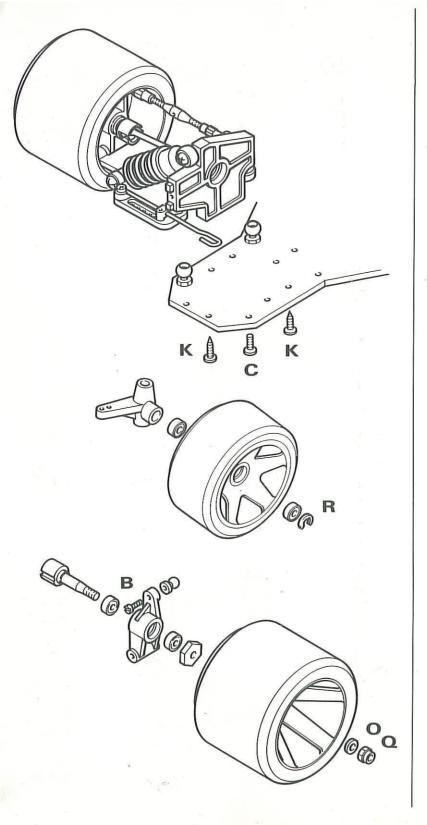
- Insert the 5mm ballbearings in the uprights, and mount the pivot balls using screw (B).
- Mount the up-rights to the lower rear suspension arms by inserting the hardened pivot pins (U).

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- Mount the rear anti-rollbar rods to the lower arms using the nylon mounts and parker screws (J). Use the middle hole. Fix it to the slot with parker screw (I).

Note: moving the nylon mount to the inside of the car will stiffen up the anti-roll bar and will cause less roll.

- 4 Fix the 4 pivot balls to the chassis using screws (C).
- Push the lower arms over the balls and check the free movement. The anti-roll bar rods should hook in.
- Push the 8mm ballbearings in the diff. blocks and place the mounted differential between them. The timing belt should also be applied in this stage.
- Mount the drive shaft adaptors to the differential, using grub screw (H). Now the differential blocks can be mounted to the chassis with parker screws (K). The rear plate is fixed to the diff. blocks with parker screws (M) and to the chassis with parker screws (K).
- (B). The T-bracket is mounted to the motor mounting block with parker screws (I).
- Screw the T-bracket to the differential blocks with parker screws (J) and the motor mounting bracket to the chassis with parker screws (K). Make sure the timing belt is in place.
- Prepair the upper suspension rods and adjust it to a total length of 62.5mm.
- Insert the rear wheelaxles in the up-rights and apply the drive shafts. Place the upper suspension rods over the balls on the T-bracket and the up-rights to complete the rear suspension.
- Mount the motor mounting and cooling plate to the motor bracket with parker screws (I).





Fixing the wheels

- After having glued and trued the tires the front wheels are put on the car. First insert the 5mm ballbearings. Secure the frontwheel with circlips (R).
- The hexagon wheelhub is placed on the rear wheelaxle and the rearwheel is mounted with the nylock nut (Q) and washer (O).

Assembling the shockabsorbers

The TF-01 FSB shockabsorber set features 2 options, fixed non-adjustable pistons and adjustable double pistons.

It is adviced to start with the first option because of the easyer assembling.

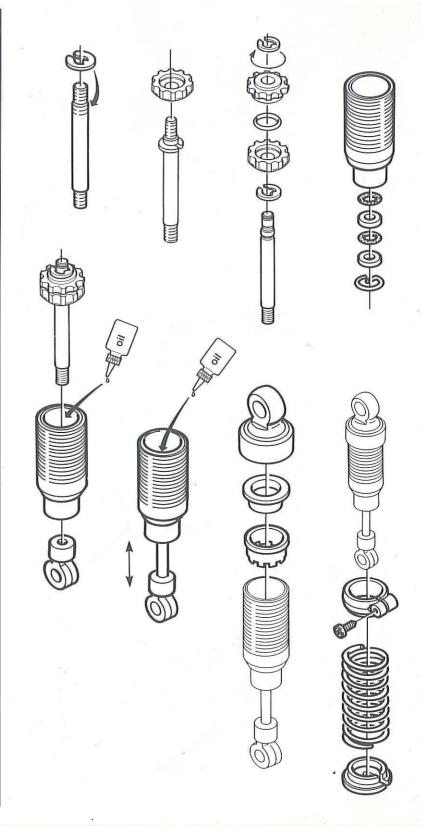
The front and rear shockabsorbers are almost identical. Be aware that the rear piston rods are 4mm longer than the front pistong rods.

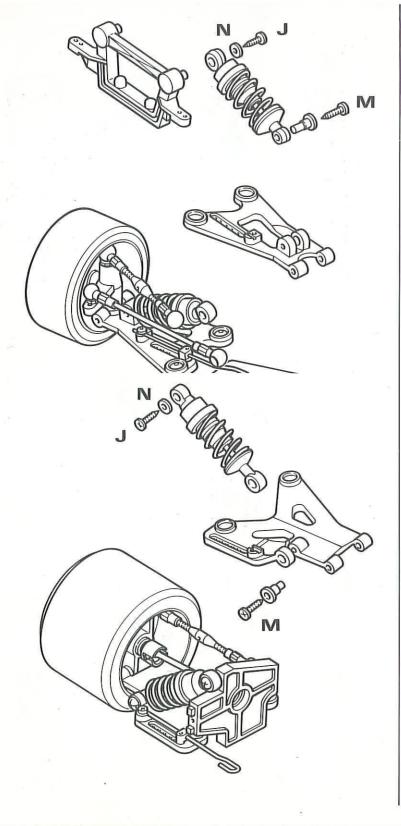
OPTION 1

Insert C-clips 2.3mm on the second groove of the piston rod and turn the piston on the piston rod. Secure the piston with the small 1.9 C-clips. Proceed with step 5.

OPTION 2

- Insert C-clips 2.3mm on the second groove of the piston rod and slide the piston with the bigger hole on the piston rod.
- Turn the second piston (small hole) on the M3 part of the piston rod, apply the 1.9mm C-clips and turn the piston back against the C-clips.
- Apply the 7mm O-ring between the 2 pistons. By turning the 2nd piston towards the 1st piston, the O-ring will be squeezed to the outside and will change the flow resistance of the piston.
- Place the O-rings and nylon guide washers in the lower end of the cilinder. The retainer clips is inserted to keep the O-ring pack in place. Make sure the clips is seated well in the groove.
- Insert the pre-mounted piston rod in the cilinder and gently push it through the O-ring pack. Apply a little oil to avoid damage of the O-ring pack. Screw the nylon pivot eye to the rod-end. Be careful not to damage the piston rod.
- Fill the cilinder with shockabsorber oil, with the piston in bottom position. Move the piston slowly up and down to allow air to escape.
- After all the air has escaped the nylon cam-bushing is pressed into the cilinder. Place the rubber compensation membrance in the alu. pivot point and close the cilinder with the piston positioned half-way.





- 2 Check the well functioning of the shockabsorber. Equalize the right and left shocks by adjusting the pistons. The fronts must be quit heavy, the rears quit light setting. The adjustment is made as follows: push the piston up and snap it into the cambushing. The piston will only reach the cam when the spring support washer is removed. Turn the piston rod in to obtain heavier damping, and out to obtain lighter damping.
- Apply the nylon spring adjustment ring to the cilinder. The r.h. parker 2.2 × 9.5 is used to tighten it. Place the coilspring on the shockabsorber and apply the slotted nylon spring support.
- Place the front shocks between the front bracket and the lower suspension arms and fix them with parker screws (J) and washer (N) in the bracket using the nylon bushing and parker screw (M).
- In the same way the rear shockabsorbers are mounted.
- Fine tuning of damping and spring-pressure can only be done at track-side and depends on track condition and tire choise. Other springs are available for different suspension characteristics.

Note:

It is adviced to use the special S-Performance Silicon shockabsorberoil as supplied in this kit. Other grades of oil are available.

1681 SILICON OIL GREEN (light)

1682 SILICON OIL YELLOW (medium)

1683 SILICON OIL RED (thick)

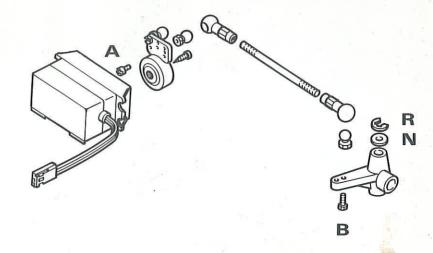
1684 SILICON OIL BLUE (heavy)

Steering assembly

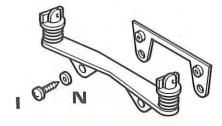
- Prepair the track rods and adjust them to create a little toe-in of the front wheels. Making them shorter gives toe-out with more steering and increased instability, longer trackrods create toe-in resulting in less steering and more stability.
- 2 Mount the 2 brass balls to the servo saver, using screws (A). Use the top outer holes. Other holes may be drilled in between these holes to change the steering geometry slightly.
- Mount the pre-mounted servo saver on the steering servo. Add the double sided adhesive tape and positon the steering servo with the servo saver exactly in the middle of the car. Make sure that the track rods move freely when steering to the far left and far right.

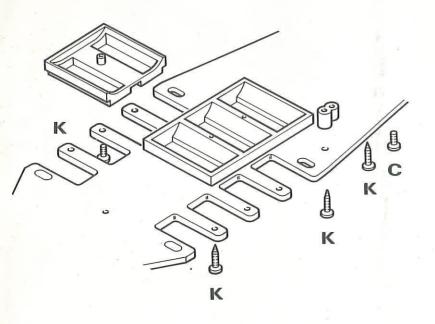
Bumper and bodymounts

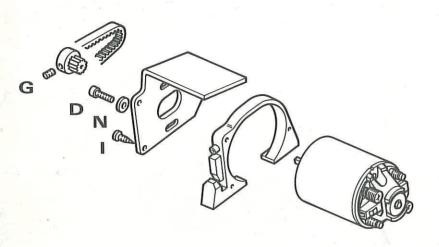
- The front and rear body posts are easy to assemble. Place the spring over the top of the post, apply the washer and pop-in the lever. Open the bodypost gently with a small screwdriver to allow the lever to pop in.
- Mount the front bumper and the front body posts using screws (C) and locknuts (P).
- Mount the bodymount on the bracket in order to get the right body height. Use parkerscrew (I) and washer (N). The bracket is placed over the 2 shockabsorber pivot points of the differential blocks.











Battery mounts and antenna

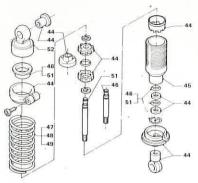
The batteries can be mounted in 2 ways. The saddle-pack position, with 3 cells on each side of the car, or the stick position, with 2 rows of 3 cells across the chassis.

- The saddle packs are mounted with parker screws (K). Choose the front position using the 3 slots towards the front, or the rear position, using the 3 slots towards the rear. This may depend on the track lay-out and conditions, since this position effects the center of gravity of the car, and therewith the handling.

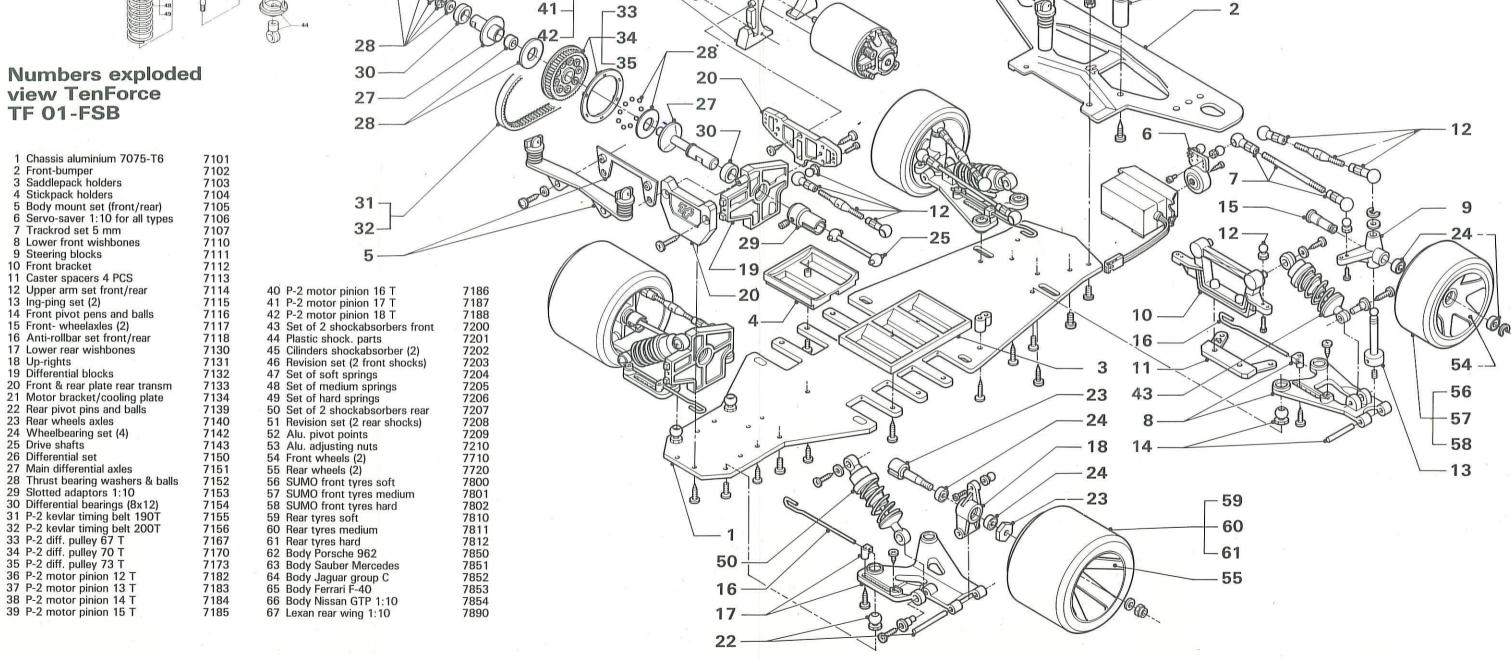
 To mount the stick-type cells, also parker screw (K) is used.
- Mount the antenna mount to the chassis with parker screw (K).

Electric motor installation

- Mount the alu. motor pinion to the electric motor. It is advised to use a drop of Loctite to secure the small grub screw (G).
- Apply the timing belt to the pinion. The electric motor is fixed to the motor bracket with screws (D) using washers (O). Adjust the right belt tension and tighten the screws.



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